Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended December 31, 2024

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To:

The Mayor and Members of Council of the Town of Nobleford

Qualified Opinion

We have audited the accompanying consolidated financial statements of the Town of Nobleford which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at December 31, 2024, and the consolidated statements of operations, change in net financial assets and cash flow for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, except for the effects of the matter described in the Basis for Qualified Opinion section of our report, the accompanying consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the town as at December 31, 2024, and its results of operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards.

Basis for Qualified Opinion

The Town has not adopted the accounting standard PS 3280 Asset Retirement Obligations, which constitutes a departure from Canadian public sector accounting standards. As a result, we were unable to determine whether any adjustments might be necessary to tangible capital assets, asset retirement obligations, and accumulated surplus as at December 31, 2024, or to revenue and expenses for the year then ended.

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Town in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our qualified audit opinion.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Town's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Town or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Town's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements. As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT, continued

judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
 fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit
 evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not
 detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as
 fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of
 internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Town's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Lethbridge, Alberta

April 22, 2025

Chartered Professional Accountants

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MANAGEMENT'S RESPONSIBILITY FOR FINANCIAL REPORTING

Management of the Town of Nobleford is responsible for the preparation, accuracy, objectivity and integrity of the accompanying consolidated financial statements and all other information contained within this Financial Report. Management believes that the consolidated financial statements present fairly the Town's financial position as at December 31, 2024 and the results of its operations for the yearend then ended.

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in compliance with legislation, and in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards (PSAS).

The consolidated financial statements include certain amounts based on estimates and judgments. Such amounts have been determined on a reasonable basis in order to ensure the consolidated financial statements are presented fairly in all material respects.

In fulfilling its responsibilities and recognizing the limits inherent in all systems, management has designed and maintains a system of internal controls to produce reliable information and to meet reporting requirements on a timely basis. The system is designed to provide management with reasonable assurance that transactions are properly authorized and assets are properly accounted for and safeguarded.

These systems are monitored and evaluated by management and reliable financial information is available for preparation of the consolidated financial statements.

The Town Council carries out its responsibilities for review of the consolidated financial statements principally through its Finance and Administration. Council meets regularly with management and external auditors to discuss the results of audit examinations and financial reporting matters.

The external auditors have full access to the Audit Committee with and without the presence of management. The Town Council has approved the consolidated financial statements.

The consolidated financial statements have been audited by Avail LLP Chartered Professional Accountants, the independent external auditors appointed by the Town. The accompanying Independent Auditor's Report outlines their responsibilities, the scope of the examination and their opinion on the Town's consolidated financial statements.

Town Administrator

TOWN OF NOBLEFORD CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION As at December 31, 2024

	 2024		2023
Financial assets			
Cash and temporary investments (note 2)	\$ 3,450,199	\$	3,365,324
Taxes and grants in place of taxes receivable (note 3)	30,157		29,434
Trade and other receivables (note 4)	219,094		441,709
Land held for resale	458,587		458,587
	4,158,037		4,295,054
Liabilities	and the second		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	114,978		107,713
Deposits (note 5)	28,039		28,039
Deferred revenue (note 6)	410		9,243
Long-term debt (note 7)	 129,542		149,862
	272,969		294,857
Net financial assets	 3,885,068		4,000,197
Non-financial assets			
Tangible capital assets (schedule 2)	18,454,055		18,187,573
	18,454,055		18,187,573
Accumulated surplus (note 8 and schedule 1) Accumulated operating surplus Accumulated remeasurement gains (losses)	 22,339,123		22,187,773
	\$ 22,339,123	\$	22,187,773

Approved on behalf of Coungil:			
Councillor has select	Councillor	No	
The state of the s			

TOWN OF NOBLEFORD CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS For the year ended December 31, 2024

		Budget (Unaudited)		2024		2023
Revenue						
Net municipal property taxes (note 11)	\$	652,665	\$		\$	589,915
User fees and sales of goods		1,074,895		1,147,597		1,135,200
Government transfers for operating (note 12)		60,220		60,224		42,942
Investment income		145,200		171,700		230,566
Penalties and costs of taxes		15,650		21,032		11,504
Licenses and permits		19,210		14,724		13,201
Franchise and concession contracts		79,500		81,073		75,005
Gain on sale of land held for resale		-				682,290
		2,047,340		2,148,561		2,780,623
Expenses (note 13)						
General government						
Legislative		52,500		33,108		30,930
Administration		474,782		476,930		470,415
Protective services						
Protective services		339,394		306,915		282,354
Transportation services						
Common and equipment pool		59,718		56,197		55,468
Roads, streets, walks and lighting		283,578		315,340		268,708
Environmental use and protection						
Water supply and distribution		621,579		615,059		554,884
Wastewater treatment and disposal		98,783		99,087		94,417
Waste management		138,600		138,593		135,106
Public health and welfare						
Family and community support services		11,550		11,504		11,504
Planning and development						
Planning and development		25,100		183,353		28,246
Recreation and culture						
Recreation and culture		232,319		210,535		204,824
		2,337,903		2,446,621		2,136,856
(Deficiency) excess of revenue over expenses before capital revenue		(290,563)		(298,060)		643,767
Capital revenue						
Government transfers for capital (note 12)		379,451		379,041		2,647,846
Other		9,250		70,369		5,757
		388,701		449,410		2,653,603
Excess of revenue over expenses		98,138		151,350		3,297,370
Accumulated operating surplus, beginning of year		22,187,773		22,187,773		18,890,403
Accumulated operating surplus, end of year	æ		æ		•	
Accumulated operating surplus, end of year	Ψ	22,285,911	Φ	22,339,123	Ψ	22,107,773

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF REMEASUREMENT GAINS AND LOSSES For the year ended December 31, 2024

	 20	24	2023
Accumulated remeasurement gains (losses), beginning of year	\$ -	\$	
Unrealized gains (losses) attributable to: Equity investments	-		-
Amounts reclassified to statements of operations: Equity investments realized gains	-		_=
Net remeasurement gains (losses) for the year	- ,		
Accumulated remeasurement gains (losses), end of year	\$ _	\$	

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGE IN NET FINANCIAL ASSETS For the year ended December 31, 2024

		Budget (Unaudited)	 2024	 2023
Excess of revenue over expenses	\$	98,138	\$ 151,350	\$ 3,297,370
Acquisition of tangible capital assets Amortization of tangible capital assets		(897,900) 644,388	(910,867) 644,388	(4,677,709) 603,348
		(253,512)	(266,479)	(4,074,361)
Increase in net financial assets Net financial assets, beginning of year	r.	(155,374) 4,000,197	(115,129) 4,000,197	(776,994) 4,777,191
Net financial assets, end of year	\$	3,844,823	\$ 3,885,068	\$ 4,000,197

TOWN OF NOBLEFORD CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOW For the year ended December 31, 2024

	 2024	2023
Operating transactions		
Excess of revenue over expenses	\$ 151,350	\$ 3,297,370
Adjustments for items which do not affect cash		
Amortization of tangible capital assets	 644,388	603,348
	795,738	3,900,718
Net change in non-cash working capital items	·	,
Taxes and grants in place of taxes receivable	(723)	(720)
Trade and other receivables	222,615	(182,814)
Land held for resale	-	20,904
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	7,265	84,200
Deposits	-	12,000
Deferred revenue	(8,833)	(42,983)
Cash provided by operating transactions	1,016,062	3,791,305
Capital transactions		
Acquisition of tangible capital assets	(910,867)	(4,677,709)
Investing transactions		000 063
Decrease in investments	 -	980,862
Financing transactions		
Repayment of long-term debt	 (20,320)	(19,432)
Increase in cash and temporary investments	84,875	75,026
Cash and temporary investments, beginning of year	 3,365,324	3,290,298
Cash and temporary investments, end of year	\$ 3,450,199	\$ 3,365,324

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the year ended December 31, 2024

1. Significant accounting policies

The consolidated financial statements of the Town of Nobleford are the representations of management prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles for local governments established by the Public Sector Accounting Board of the Chartered Professional Accountants of Canada. Significant aspects of the accounting policies adopted by the Town are as follows:

(a) Reporting entity

The consolidated financial statements reflect the assets, liabilities, revenue and expenses, changes in fund balances and change in financial position of the reporting entity which comprises all of the organizations that are owned or controlled by the Town and are, therefore, accountable to the Council for the administration of their financial affairs and resources.

Taxes levied also includes requisitions for educational, health care, social and other external organizations that are not part of the municipal reporting entity.

The statements exclude trust assets that are administered for the benefit of external parties. Interdepartmental and organizational transactions and balances are eliminated.

(b) Basis of accounting

The financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. The accrual basis of accounting records revenue as it is earned and measurable. Expenses are recognized as they are incurred and measurable based upon receipt of goods or services and/or the legal obligation to pay.

Funds from external parties and earnings thereon restricted by agreement or legislation are accounted for as deferred revenue until used for the purpose specified.

Government transfers, contributions and other amounts are received from third parties pursuant to legislation, regulation or agreement and may only be used for certain programs, in the completion of specific work, or for the purchase of tangible capital assets. In addition, certain user charges and fees are collected for which the related services have yet to be performed. Revenue is recognized in the period when the related expenses are incurred, services performed or the tangible capital assets are acquired.

(c) Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Canadian generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenue and expense during the period. Where measurement uncertainty exists, the financial statements have been prepared within reasonable limits of materiality. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the year ended December 31, 2024

1. Significant accounting policies, continued

(d) Inventories for resale

Land held for resale is recorded at the lower of cost and net realizable value. Cost includes costs for land acquisition and improvements required to prepare the land for servicing such as clearing, stripping, and leveling charges. Related development costs incurred to provide infrastructure such as water and waste water services, roads, sidewalks, and street lighting are recorded as physical assets under their respective function.

(e) Investments

Investments in derivatives and equity instruments quoted in an active market are carried at fair value with transactions costs expensed upon initial recognition. Unrealized changes in fair value are recognized in the statement of remeasurement gains and losses. When the investment is disposed of the accumulated gains or losses are reclassified to the statement of operations.

Investments in interest bearing securities are recorded at amortized cost. Investment premiums and discounts are amortized on the net present value basis over the term of the respective investments. When there has been a loss in value that is other than a temporary decline, the respective investment is written down to recognize the loss.

(f) Requisition over-levy and under-levy

Over-levies and under-levies arise from the difference between the actual property tax levy made to cover each requisition and the actual amount requisitioned.

If the actual levy exceeds the requisition, the over-levy is accrued as a liability and property tax revenue is reduced. Where the actual levy is less than the requisition amount, the under-levy is accrued as a receivable and as property tax revenue.

Requisition tax rates in the subsequent year are adjusted for any over-levies or under-levies of the prior year.

(g) Contaminated sites liability

Contaminated sites are a result of contamination being introduced into air, soil, water or sediment of a chemical, organic or radioactive material or live organism that exceeds an environmental standard. The liability is recorded net of any expected recoveries. A liability for remediation of a contaminated site is recognized when a site is not in productive use and is management's estimate of the cost of post-remediation including operation, maintenance and monitoring.

(h) Deferred revenue

Deferred revenue represent government transfers, donations, and other amounts which have been collected, but for which the related services have yet to be performed or agreement stipulations have not been met. These amounts will be recognized as revenues when revenue recognition criteria have been met. Interest earned on deferred revenues, reserves, and offsite levies are calculated using an average investment earnings monthly.

(i) Long-term debt

Long-term debt is initially recognized net of any premiums, discounts, fees and transactions costs, with interest expense recognized using the effective interest method. Long-term debt is subsequently measured at amortized cost.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended December 31, 2024

1. Significant accounting policies, continued

Revenue recognition

Revenue from transactions with no performance obligation is recognized at realizable value when the Town has the authority to claim or retain an inflow of economic resources and identifies a past transaction or event giving rise to an asset.

Revenue from transactions with performance obligations is recognized as the performance obligations are satisfied by providing the promised goods or services to the payor. User fees are recognized over the period of use, sales of goods are recognized when goods are delivered. Licenses and permits with a single performance obligation at a point in time are recognized as revenue on issuance, those which result in a continued performance obligation over time are recognized over the period of the license or permit as the performance obligation is satisfied.

(k) Tax revenue

Tax revenues are recognized when the tax has been authorized by bylaw and the taxable event has occurred.

Requisitions operate as a flow through and are excluded from municipal revenue.

Non-financial assets

Non-financial assets are not available to discharge existing liabilities and are held for use in the provision of services. They have useful lives extending beyond the current year and are not intended for sale in the normal course of operations. The change in non-financial assets during the year, together with the excess of revenues over expenses, provides the consolidated Change in Net Financial Assets for the year.

Tangible capital assets

Tangible capital assets are recorded at cost which includes all amounts that are directly attributable to acquisition, construction, development or betterment of the asset. The cost, less residual value, of the tangible capital assets is amortized on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful life as follows:

	Years	
Land improvements	10-25	
Buildings	25-50	
Engineered structures	5-75	
Machinery and equipment	5-40	
Vehicles	10-40	

Assets under construction are not amortized until the asset is available for productive use.

(ii) Contributions of tangible capital assets

Tangible capital assets received as contributions are recorded at fair value at the date of receipt and also are recorded as revenue.

(iii) Intangible asset

Intangible assets with an indefinite life are not amortized and are monitored annually for impairment.

1. Significant accounting policies, continued

(iv) Leases

Leases are classified as capital or operating leases. Leases which transfer substantially all of the benefits and risks incidental to ownership of property are accounted for as capital leases. All other leases are accounted for as operating leases and the related lease payments are charged to expenses as incurred.

(m) Valuation of financial assets and liabilities

The Town's financial assets and financial liabilities are measured as follows:

Financial statement component	Measurement
Cash	Cost and amortized cost
Short-term investments	Amortized cost
Trade and other receivables	Lower of cost or net recoverable value
Investments	Fair value and amortized cost
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	Cost
Deposit liabilities	Cost
Bank indebtedness and long-term debt	Amortized cost

(n) Government transfers

Government transfers are the transfer of assets from senior levels of government that are not the result of an exchange transaction, are not expected to be repaid in the future, or the result of a direct financial return.

Government transfers are recognized in the financial statements as revenue in the period in which events giving rise to the transfer occur, providing the transfers are authorized, any eligibility criteria have been met, and reasonable estimates of the amounts can be determined.

(o) Future change in accounting policy

The following summarizes upcoming changes to Canadian public sector accounting standards. In 2025, the Town will continue to assess the impact and prepare for the adoption of these standards. While the timing of standard adoption may vary, certain standards must be adopted concurrently.

a) The Conceptual Framework of Financial Reporting in the Public Sector
The Conceptual Framework is the foundation for public sector financial reporting standard
setting. It replaces the conceptual aspects of Section PS 1000 Financial Statement
Concepts and Section PS 1100 Financial Statement Objectives. The conceptual framework
highlights considerations fundamental for the consistent application of accounting issues in

the absence of the specific standards. The standard is applicable for the fiscal years beginning on or after April 1, 2026.

b) PS 1202 Financial Statement Presentation

Section PS 1202 sets out general and specific requirements for the presentation of information in general purpose financial statements. The financial statement presentation principles are based on the concepts within the Conceptual Framework. The standard is applicable for the fiscal years beginning on or after April 1, 2026.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the year ended December 31, 2024

Cash and temporary investments				
		2024		2
Cash Temporary investments	\$	237,285 3,212,914	\$	560,3 2,804,9
	\$	3,450,199	\$	3,365,
The temporary investments are comprised of short term se accounts with interest rates of prime less 1.65% to 1.75%	ecuritie	es and high	inte	erest säv
Taxes and grants in place of taxes receivables				
		2024		2
Current year Arrears	\$	16,569 13,588	\$	13,9 15,9
	\$	30,157	\$	29,4
Trade and other receivables				
Trade and other receivables		2024		2
Utilities	\$	117,630	\$	
Utilities Canada Community Building Fund (CCBF) Lethbridge County	\$	117,630 76,585 16,841	\$	30,9
Utilities Canada Community Building Fund (CCBF) Lethbridge County Trade accounts	\$	117,630 76,585 16,841 13,128	\$	120,0 - 30,9 2,9
Utilities Canada Community Building Fund (CCBF) Lethbridge County Trade accounts Franchise fee	\$	117,630 76,585 16,841	\$	120,0 - 30,0 2,0 6,0
Utilities Canada Community Building Fund (CCBF) Lethbridge County Trade accounts	\$	117,630 76,585 16,841 13,128		120,0 - 30,9 2,9 6,9 260,1
Utilities Canada Community Building Fund (CCBF) Lethbridge County Trade accounts Franchise fee Alberta Municipal Waste/Wastewater Partnership	\$	117,630 76,585 16,841 13,128 7,724		120,0 - 30,9 2,9 6,9 260,7
Utilities Canada Community Building Fund (CCBF) Lethbridge County Trade accounts Franchise fee Alberta Municipal Waste/Wastewater Partnership GST		117,630 76,585 16,841 13,128 7,724 - (12,814)		120, - 30, 2, 6, 260, 19,
Utilities Canada Community Building Fund (CCBF) Lethbridge County Trade accounts Franchise fee Alberta Municipal Waste/Wastewater Partnership		117,630 76,585 16,841 13,128 7,724 - (12,814)		120,1 - 30,1 2,1 6,1 260,1 19,1
Utilities Canada Community Building Fund (CCBF) Lethbridge County Trade accounts Franchise fee Alberta Municipal Waste/Wastewater Partnership GST		117,630 76,585 16,841 13,128 7,724 - (12,814) 219,094	\$	120,0 - 30,9

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the year ended December 31, 2024

Deferred revenue				
			2024	2023
Local Government Fiscal Framework (LGF Community Foundation of Lethbridge and		t Alberta	\$ 410 -	\$ - 9,243
9	1000	¥.	\$ 410	\$ 9,243
Long-term debt				
			2024	2023
Tax supported debenture - capital			\$ 129,542	\$ 149,862
Current portion		e e	\$ 21,249	\$ 20,320
Principal and interest repayments are due a	as follows:			
		Principal	Interest	Total
2025 2026	\$	21,249 22,220	\$ 5,615 4,644	\$ 26,864 26,864
2027 2028		23,234 24,297	3,630 2,567	26,864 26,864
2029 Thereafter		25,407 13,135	1,457 297	26,864 13,432

Debenture debt is repayable to Alberta Capital Finance Authority and bears interest at 4.518 per annum and matures in 2030. For qualifying debentures, the Province of Alberta rebates 60% of interest in excess of 8%, 9%, and 11% to a maximum annual rate of 12.5%, depending on the date borrowed. Debenture debt is issued on the credit and security of the Town of Nobleford at large.

Interest on long-term debt amounted to \$6,503 (2023 -\$7,393).

The Town's total cash payments for interest in 2024 were \$6,544 (2023 - \$7,432).

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the year ended December 31, 2024

8. Accumulated operating surplus

Accumulated operating surplus consists of internally restricted and unrestricted amounts and equity in tangible capital assets as follows:

	2024	2023
Unrestricted surplus Internally restricted reserves (note 10) Equity in tangible capital assets (note 9)	\$ 553,645 3,460,965 18,324,513	\$ 63,464 4,086,598 18,037,711
	\$ 22,339,123	\$ 22,187,773

9. Equity in tangible capital assets

	2024	2023
Tangible capital assets (schedule 2) Accumulated amortization (schedule 2) Long-term debt (note 7)	\$ 30,139,971 \$ (11,685,916) (129,542)	29,229,102 (11,041,529) (149,862)
	\$ 18,324,513 \$	18,037,711

10. Reserves

Council has set up reserves for various purposes. These reserves are either required by legislation or set up at the discretion of Council to provide funding for future expenses.

	2024	2023
Operating		
Operating contingency	\$ 946,875	\$ 1,125,280
Emergency services	153,744	118,664
Roads/street	182,749	290,960
Water treatment plant	192,412	27,412
Utility	641,435	551,435
Residential subdivision	1,270,152	1,446,235
Parks and recreation	7,500	-
Environmental	 	125,121
	3,394,867	3,685,107
Capital		
Capital contingency	66,098	 401,491
	\$ 3,460,965	\$ 4,086,598

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the year ended December 31, 2024

Net municipal property taxes						
		Budget (Unaudited)		2024		2
Not remaining the second such that remaining and the second secon		(Onaddited)				
Net municipal taxes (excluding requisitions) Real property taxes	\$	652,665	\$	652,211	\$	589
		652,665	51	652,211		589
Requisitions						
Alberta School Foundation Fund Green Acres Foundation		493,550 27,350		493,538 27,322		473 26
	\$	520,900	\$	520,860	\$	499
Government transfers						
		Budget (Unaudited)		2024		
Transfers for operating: Provincial government	\$	60,220	œ.	60,224	œ	42
Provincial government	Ψ	60,220	Ψ	60,224	Ψ	42
Transfers for capital:						
Provincial government		302,866		302,456		2,539
Federal government		76,585 379,451		76,585 379,041		108 2,647
	\$	439,671	\$	439,265	\$	2,690
Expenses by object						
		Budget (Unaudited)		2024		
Salaries, wages and benefits	\$	715,610	\$	681,776	\$	651
Contracted and general services Materials, goods, supplies and utilities		503,245 466,850		628,485 483,504		465 407
Bank charges and short-term interest		760		1,478		
Interest on long-term debt Transfers to organizations and others		6,550 500		6,503 487		7
Amortization of tangible capital assets		644,388		644,388		603
	\$	2,337,903	\$	2,446,621	\$	2,136

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
For the year ended December 31, 2024

14. Debt limits and debt servicing limit

Section 276(2) of the Municipal Government Act requires that debt and debt limits as defined by Alberta Regulation 255/00 for the Town be disclosed as follows:

7	 2024	2023
Total debt limit Total debt	\$ 3,223,049 129,542	\$ 4,170,935 149,862
	\$ 3,093,507	\$ 4,021,073
Debt servicing limit Debt servicing	\$ 537,175 26,864	\$ 695,156 26,864
	\$ 510,311	\$ 668,292

The debt limit is calculated at 1.5 times revenue of the municipality (as defined in Alberta Regulation 255/00) and the debt service limit is calculated at 0.25 times such revenue. Incurring debt beyond these limitations requires approval by the Minister of Municipal Affairs. These thresholds are guidelines used by Alberta Municipal Affairs to identify municipalities which could be at financial risk if further debt is acquired. The calculation taken alone does not represent the financial stability of the municipality. Rather, the financial statements must be interpreted as a whole.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the year ended December 31, 2024

15. Salary and benefits disclosure

Disclosure of salaries and benefits for elected municipal officials, the chief administrative officer and designated officers as required by Alberta Regulation 313/2000 is as follows:

	(1)	(2) Benefits &			
	 Salary	allowances	2024	20	023
Council					
Joan Boeder	\$ 8,000 \$	2,947	\$ 10,947	\$ 8,4	94
Melissa Jensen	5,100	2,689	7,789	6,2	
Bill Oudshoorn	5,100	1,400	6,500	5,6	
Steven Leusink	27,917	4,820	32,737	_	
Joe Hutter	103,500	19,142	122,642	152,5	54
Chris Snelgrove	\$ 12,180 \$	- ⁻ ;	<u> </u>	\$ 11,6	

- (1) Salary includes regular base pay, bonuses, overtime, lump sum payments, gross honoraria and any other direct cash remuneration.
- (2) Benefits and allowances include the employer's share of all employee benefits and contributions or payments made on behalf of employees including pension, health care, dental coverage, vision coverage, group life insurance, accidental disability and dismemberment insurance, long- and short-term disability plans, professional memberships, and tuition.

Benefits and allowances figures also include the employer's share of the costs of additional taxable benefits including special leave with pay, financial planning services, retirement planning services, concessionary loans, travel allowances, car allowances, and club memberships.

(3) During 2024 Councillor Marinus de Leeuw and Corne Mans waived their benefits in the amount of \$6,500 and \$6,500 respectively. (2023 - \$5,300 and \$5,200 respectively)

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the year ended December 31, 2024

16. Local authorities pension plan

Employees of the Town participate in the Local Authorities Pension Plan (LAPP), which is one of the plans covered by the Alberta Public Sector Pensions Plans Act. The LAPP is financed by the employer and employee contributions and by investment earnings of the LAPP Fund.

Contributions for current service are recorded as expenditures in the year in which they become due.

The Town is required to make current service contributions to the LAPP of 8.45% of pensionable earnings up to the year's maximum pensionable earnings under the Canada Pension Plan and 11.65% on pensionable earnings above this amount.

Total current service contributions by the Town to the LAPP in 2024 were \$35,037 (2023 - \$32,835). Total current service contributions by the employees of the Town to the LAPP in 2024 were \$31,191 (2023 - \$29,253).

At December 31, 2023, the LAPP disclosed an actuarial surplus of \$15.06 billion.

17. Financial instruments

The Town's financial instruments consist of cash and temporary investments, accounts receivable, investments, accounts payable and accrued liabilities, and long-term debt. It is management's opinion that the Town is not exposed to significant interest or credit risk arising from these financial instruments.

The Town is subject to credit risk with respect to taxes and grants in place of taxes receivables and trade and other receivables. Credit risk arises from the possibility that taxpayers and entities to which the Town provides services may experience financial difficulty and be unable to fulfil their obligations. The large number and diversity of taxpayers and customers minimizes the credit risk.

Unless otherwise noted, the carrying value of the financial instrument approximates fair value.

18. Budget amounts

The 2024 budget for the Town was approved by Council on March 14, 2023 and has been reported in the consolidated financial statements for information purposes only. These budget amounts have not been audited, reviewed, or otherwise verified.

The approved budget contained reserve transfers, capital additions and principal payments on debt as expenditures. Since these items are not included in the amounts reported in the consolidated financial statements, they have been excluded from the budget amounts presented in these financial statements.

In addition, the approved budget did not contain an amount for amortization expense. In order to enhance comparability, the actual amortization expense has been included as a budget amount.

Budgeted	surplus per financial statements	\$	98,138
Less:	Capital expenditures		(897,900)
	Long-term debt repayments		(20,300)
	Transfers to reserves		(385,075)
Add:	Amortization of tangible capital assets		644,388
	Transfers from reserves		560,749
Equals:	Balanced budget	¢	
⊑quais.	Dalanceu Duuget		-

19. Contaminated sites liability

The Town has adopted PS3260 liability for contaminated sites. The Town did not identify any financial liabilities in 2024 (2023 - nil) as a result of this standard.

20. Comparative figures

Certain comparative figures have been reclassified to conform to the financial statement presentation adopted in the current year.

21. Approval of financial statements

These financial statements were approved by Council and Management.

SCHEDULES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the year ended December 31, 2024

Schedule of changes in ac	cumu	iated operat	ıng	surpius			Schedule 1
	Ur	restricted		Restricted reserves	ity in tangible pital assets	2024	2023
Balance, beginning of year Excess of revenue over	\$	63,464	\$	4,086,598	\$ 18,037,711	\$ 22,187,773 \$	18,890,403
expenses Restricted funds used for		151,350		-	-	151,350	3,297,370
operations Restricted funds used for		117,490		(117,490)	-	-	- "
tangible capital assets Current year funds used for		- *		(508,143)	508,143	- *	
tangible capital assets Amortization of tangible		(402,726)		-	402,726	-	-
capital assets Long-term debt related to tangible capital assets		644,388		-	(644,388)	-	-
repaid repaid		(20,321)		-	20,321	_	_
Change in accumulated surplus		490,181		(625,633)	286,802	151,350	3,297,370
Balance, end of year	\$	553,645	\$	3,460,965	\$ 18,324,513	\$ 22,339,123 \$	22,187,773

SCHEDULES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the year ended December 31, 2024

Schedule of tangible capital assets	assets									Schedule 2
	Land	L impro	Land improvements	Buildings	Engineered I structures	Machinery and equipment	Vehicles	Construction in progress	2024	2023
Cost: Balance, beginning of year\$ Acquisitions Transfers	1,115,890	€	840,103 \$	2,204,568 \$ 404,845 226,886	24,013,540 \$ 432,345	24,885 \$ -11,995	791,235 \$ 73,679	238,881 \$ - (238,881)	29,229,102 \$ 910,869	24,551,393
Balance, end of year	1,115,890		840,103	2,836,299	24,445,885	36,880	864,914	'	30,139,971	29,229,102
Accumulated amortization: Balance, beginning of year Annual amortization		-	553,412 37,861	1,516,272 74,613	8,504,151 470,560	22,889 2,214	444,804		11,041,528 644,388	10,438,181 603,348
Balance, end of year			591,273	1,590,885	8,974,711	25,103	503,944		11,685,916	11,041,529
Net book value \$	1,115,890 \$		248,830 \$	1,245,414 \$	1,245,414 \$ 15,471,174 \$	11,777 \$	360,970 \$	÷	18,454,055 \$	18,187,573
2023 net book value \$	1,115,890 \$	-	286,691 \$	688,295 \$	15,509,389 \$	1,996 \$	346,431 \$	238,881 \$	18,187,573	

There were no assets acquired as contributed tangible capital assets in 2024 (2023 - nil).

SCHEDULE TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the year ended December 31, 2024

Schedule of segmented disclosure			¥				(20) 2			Schedule 3
	General government	Protective services	Transportation Environmental Public health services services services	nvironmental		Planning and Recreation and development culture	screation and culture	Other	Housing	Total
Revenue Net municipal property taxes User fees and sales of goods Government transfers for operating Investment income Penalties and costs of taxes Licenses and permits Franchise and concession contracts	\$ 652,211 \$ 14,208 - 171,700 16,049 - 81,073	194,608 17,282 - - 3,730	- \$ 48,842 42,942 	849,563 - - 4,983		2,100 - - - 10,994 -	38,276			\$ 652,211 1,147,597 60,224 171,700 21,032 14,724 81,073
	935,241	215,620	91,784	854,546	'	13,094	38,276	,	,	2,148,561
Expenses Salaries, wages and benefits Contracted and general services Materials, goods, supplies and utilities Bank charges and short-term interest Interest on long-term debt Transfers to organizations and others Amortization of tangible capital assets	309,480 116,439 44,331 1,478 - 38,312	73,747 136,298 49,805 - - - 47,064	39,817 12,649 151,675 - - 167,396	190,101 160,701 174,201 - 6,503 - 321,232	11,504	183,353	68,631 7,542 63,492 - 486 70,384			681,776 628,485 483,504 1,478 6,503 647,388
	510,040	306,914	371,537	852,738	11,504	183,353	210,535		1	2,446,621
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenses before capital revenue	425,201	(91,294)	(279,753)	1,808	(11,504)	(170,259)	(172,259)		9	(298,060)
Other Government transfers for capital Other	1 1	61,125		379,041 9,244	1 1		1 1			379,041 70,369
	'	61,125	ie.	388,285		1				449,410
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenses	\$ 425,201 \$	(30,169) \$	(279,753) \$	390,093 \$	(11,504) \$	(170,259) \$	(172,259) \$	•	ا د	\$ 151,350